General Fund Financial Monitoring Statement April 2015 to June 2015

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Service Area	Original	Current	Profiled	Actual to	Forecast	For to B
	Budget £000	Budget £000	Budget £000	Date £000	Outturn £000	i
Housing Committee (excl Rent Allowances)	1,940	2,089	578	512	2,099	
Housing Committee - Rent Allowances	(381)	(381)	4,125	4,809	(381)	
Community Services Committee	4,347	4,488	1,305	997	4,453	
Environment & Sustainability Committee	2,297	2,453	66	103	2,541	
Corporate and Business Services	1,161	1,995	748	169	2,809	
Planning Committee	1,436	1,501	281	130	1,326	
Licensing Committee	46	46	6	10	46	
Regulatory Committee	38	38	18	(5)	38	
Net expenditure on services	10,884	12,229	7,127	6,725	12,931	
Accounting adjustments						
Reversal of depreciation charges	(2,056)	(2,056)			(2,056)	
Cost of capital charge to HRA	(43)	(43)			(43)	
Revenue contributions to capital expenditure	175	175			175	
Transfer to/(from) reseves						
Transfer from Insurance reserve	(50)	(50)			(50)	
Treasury and financing:						
Investment income	(296)	(296)			(296)	
Capital financing costs	1,180	1,180			840	
Minimum Revenue Provision	200	200			200	
Government Grants (Non service specific)						
New Homes Bonus	(1,504)	(1,504)			(1,504)	
Other Grants	(15)	(15)			(15)	
Net General Fund Expenditure	8,475	9,820			10,182	
Contribution to / (Use of) Working Balance	(1,698)	(3,043)			(3,405)	
Budget Requirement	6,777	6,777			6,777	
Revenue Support Grant	(1,279)	(1,279)			(1,279)	
Business rates retention	(2,289)	(2,289)			(2,289)	
Transfer to/from Collection Fund:						
Share of Council Tax surplus for prior years	(122)	(122)			(122)	
Share of Business Rates surplus for prior year	1,550	1,550			1,550	
Council Tax Demand	4,637	4,637			4,637	

Housing Committee Note

During the year the Council pays out around £14.6m in housing rent allowances to private sector tenants. This works out at approximately £1.2m per month. This expenditure is coded directly to the Housing Committee expenditure codes. The subsidy that the Council receives (about £22m in 2015/16) is held in a central control account until the end of the year when all of the year end costs are available and the annual subsidy reconciliation is carried out. At this time, the Council establishes the appropriate sums for the subsidy receivable for council tax and rent rebate benefits and allocates them accordingly.

The budget has been profiled to take account of these factors and therefore the profiled budget column above increases beyond the annual budget by approximately £1.2m each month to mirror the expected pattern of the expenditure. The year end profile then returns to the original budget in anticipation of the allocation of the subsidy receipt.

As the year progresses it appears that the Council's housing costs increase